

# Present perfect 1 (I have done)

A

Study this example situation:



Tom is looking for his key. He can't find it.  
He **has lost** his key.

He **has lost** his key = He lost it recently, and he still doesn't have it.

**Have/has lost** is the *present perfect simple*:

I/we/they/you <b>have</b> (= I've etc.)	<b>finished</b> <b>lost</b>
he/she/it <b>has</b> (= he's etc.)	<b>done</b> <b>been</b> etc.

The present perfect simple is **have/has** + *past participle*. The past participle often ends in **-ed** (finished/decided etc.), but many important verbs are *irregular* (**lost/done/written** etc.).

For a list of irregular verbs, see Appendix 1.

B

When we say that 'something **has happened**', this is usually new information:

- Ow! I've **cut** my finger.
- The road is closed. There's **been** (there **has been**) an accident.
- (*from the news*) Police **have arrested** two men in connection with the robbery.

When we use the present perfect, there is a connection with *now*. The action in the past has a result *now*:

- 'Where's your key?' 'I don't know. I've **lost** it.' (= I don't have it *now*)
- He told me his name, but I've **forgotten** it. (= I can't remember it *now*)
- 'Is Sally here?' 'No, she's **gone** out.' (= she is out *now*)
- I can't find my bag. **Have** you **seen** it? (= Do you know where it is *now*?)

C

Note the difference between **gone (to)** and **been (to)**:

- James is on holiday. He **has gone to** Italy. (= he is there now or on his way there)
- Jane is back home now. She **has been to** Italy. (= she has now come back)

D

You can use the present perfect with **just**, **already** and **yet**.

**Just** = a short time ago:

- 'Are you hungry?' 'No, I've **just had** lunch.'
- Hello. **Have** you **just arrived**?

We use **already** to say that something happened sooner than expected:

- 'Don't forget to pay your electricity bill.' 'I've **already paid** it.'
- 'What time is Mark leaving?' 'He's **already left**.'

**Yet** = until now. **Yet** shows that the speaker is expecting something to happen. Use **yet** only in questions and negative sentences:

- Has** it **stopped** raining **yet**?
- I've written the email, but I **haven't sent** it **yet**.

E

You can also use the past simple (**did**, **went**, **had** etc.) in the examples on this page. So you can say:

- 'Is Sally here?' 'No, she **went** out.' or 'No, she's **gone** out.'
- 'Are you hungry?' 'No, I **just had** lunch.' or 'No, I've **just had** lunch.'

# Exercises

**7.1** Read the situations and write sentences. Use the following verbs in the present perfect:

arrive    break    fall    go up    grow    improve    ~~lose~~

- |   |                              |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1 Tom is looking for his key. He can't find it.         | Tom <u>has lost his key.</u> |
| 2 Lisa can't walk and her leg is in plaster.            | Lisa .....                   |
| 3 Last week the bus fare was £1.80. Now it is £2.       | The bus fare .....           |
| 4 Maria's English wasn't very good. Now it is better.   | Her English .....            |
| 5 Dan didn't have a beard before. Now he has a beard.   | Dan .....                    |
| 6 This morning I was expecting a letter. Now I have it. | The letter .....             |
| 7 The temperature was 20 degrees. Now it is only 12.    | The .....                    |

**7.2** Put in **been** or **gone**.

- James is on holiday. He's gone to Italy.
- Hello! I've just ..... to the shops. I've bought lots of things.
- Alice isn't here at the moment. She's ..... to the shop to get a newspaper.
- Tom has ..... out. He'll be back in about an hour.
- 'Are you going to the bank?' 'No, I've already ..... to the bank.'

**7.3** Complete B's sentences. Make sentences from the words in brackets.

A	B
1 Would you like something to eat?	No, thanks. <u>I've just had lunch.</u> (I / just / have / lunch)
2 Do you know where Julia is?	Yes, ..... (I / just / see / her)
3 What time is David leaving?	..... (he / already / leave)
4 What's in the newspaper today?	I don't know. .... (I / not / read / it yet)
5 Is Sue coming to the cinema with us?	No, ..... (she / already / see / the film)
6 Are your friends here yet?	Yes, ..... (they / just / arrive)
7 What does Tim think about your plan?	..... (we / not / tell / him yet)

**7.4** Read the situations and write sentences with **just**, **already** or **yet**.

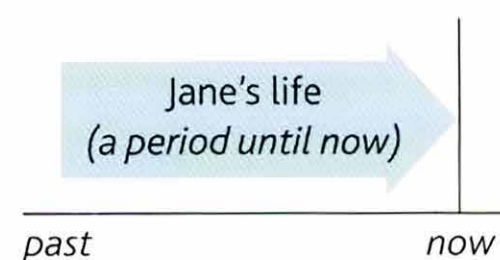
- After lunch you go to see a friend at her house. She says, 'Would you like something to eat?' You say: No thank you. I've just had lunch. (have lunch)
- Joe goes out. Five minutes later, the phone rings and the caller says, 'Can I speak to Joe?' You say: I'm afraid ..... (go out)
- You are eating in a restaurant. The waiter thinks you have finished and starts to take your plate away. You say: Wait a minute! ..... (not / finish)
- You plan to eat at a restaurant tonight. You phoned to reserve a table. Later your friend says, 'Shall I phone to reserve a table?' You say: No, ..... (do it)
- You know that a friend of yours is looking for a place to live. Perhaps she has been successful. Ask her. You say: ..... ? (find)
- You are still thinking about where to go for your holiday. A friend asks, 'Where are you going for your holiday?' You say: ..... (not / decide)
- Linda went shopping, but a few minutes ago she returned. Somebody asks, 'Is Linda still out shopping?' You say: No, ..... (come back)

# Present perfect 2 (I have done)

A

Study this example conversation:

- DAVE: **Have** you **travelled** a lot, Jane?  
 JANE: Yes, I've **been** to lots of places.  
 DAVE: Really? **Have** you ever **been** to China?  
 JANE: Yes, I've **been** to China twice.  
 DAVE: What about India?  
 JANE: No, I **haven't been** to India.



When we talk about a period of time that continues from the past until now, we use the *present perfect* (**have been / have travelled** etc.). Here, Dave and Jane are talking about the places Jane has visited in her life, which is a period that continues until now.

Some more examples:

- Have** you ever **eaten** caviar?
- We've never **had** a car.
- '**Have** you **read** *Hamlet*?' 'No, I **haven't read** any of Shakespeare's plays.'
- Susan really loves that film. She's **seen** it eight times!
- What a boring film! It's the most boring film I've **ever seen**.

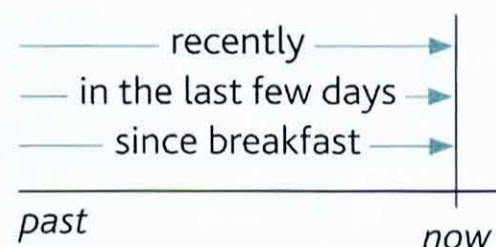
**Been (to)** = visited:

- I've never **been to** China. Have you **been** there?

B

In the following examples too, the speakers are talking about a period that continues until now (**recently / in the last few days / so far / since breakfast** etc.):

- Have** you **heard** anything from Brian **recently**?
- I've **met** a lot of people **in the last few days**.
- Everything is going well. We **haven't had** any problems **so far**.
- I'm hungry. I **haven't eaten** anything **since breakfast**. (= from breakfast until now)
- It's good to see you again. We **haven't seen** each other **for a long time**.



C

In the same way we use the present perfect with **today / this evening / this year** etc. when these periods are not finished at the time of speaking (see also Unit 14B):

- I've **drunk** four cups of coffee **today**.
- Have** you **had** a holiday **this year**?
- I **haven't seen** Tom **this morning**. **Have** you?
- Rob **hasn't worked** very hard **this term**.



D

We say: It's the (first) time something **has happened**. For example:

- Don is having a driving lesson. It's his first one. It's the first time he **has driven** a car. (*not drives*)  
or He **has never driven** a car **before**.
- Sarah has lost her passport again. This is the second time this **has happened**. (*not happens*)
- Bill is phoning his girlfriend again. That's the third time he's **phoned** her **this evening**.



# Exercises

**8.1** You ask people about things they have done. Write questions with **ever**.

- 1 (ride / horse?) *Have you ever ridden a horse?*
- 2 (be / California?) Have .....
- 3 (run / marathon?) .....
- 4 (speak / famous person?) .....
- 5 (most beautiful place / visit?) What's .....

**8.2** Complete B's answers. Some sentences are positive and some negative. Use these verbs:

be be eat happen ~~have~~ have ~~meet~~ play read see try

A	B
1 What's Mark's sister like?	I've no idea. <i>I've never met</i> her.
2 Is everything going well?	Yes, we <i>haven't had</i> any problems so far.
3 Are you hungry?	Yes. I ..... much today.
4 Can you play chess?	Yes, but ..... for ages.
5 Are you enjoying your holiday?	Yes, it's the best holiday ..... for a long time.
6 What's that book like?	I don't know. .... it.
7 Is Brussels an interesting place?	I've no idea. .... there.
8 I hear your car broke down again yesterday.	Yes, it's the second time ..... this month.
9 Do you like caviar?	I don't know. .... it.
10 Mike was late for work again today.	Again? He ..... late every day this week.
11 Who's that woman by the door?	I don't know. .... her before.

**8.3** Write four sentences about yourself. Use **I haven't** and choose from the boxes.

used a computer      travelled by bus      eaten any fruit  
 been to the cinema      read a book      lost anything

- 1 *I haven't used a computer today.*
- 2 .....
- 3 .....
- 4 .....
- 5 .....

today  
 this week  
 recently  
 for ages  
 since ...  
 this year

**8.4** Read the situations and write sentences as shown in the example.

- 1 Jack is driving a car, but he's very nervous and not sure what to do.  
 You ask: *Have you driven a car before?*  
 He says: *No, this is the first time I've driven a car.*
- 2 Ben is playing tennis. He's not good at it and he doesn't know the rules.  
 You ask: Have .....
- 3 Sue is riding a horse. She doesn't look very confident or comfortable.  
 You ask: .....
- 4 Maria is in Japan. She has just arrived and it's very new for her.  
 You ask: .....

# Present perfect and past 1 (I have done and I did)

A

Study this example situation:



Tom is looking for his key. He can't find it.  
He **has lost** his key. (*present perfect*)  
This means that he doesn't have his key *now*.

Ten minutes later:



Now Tom **has found** his key. He has it now.  
**Has** he **lost** his key? No, he **has found** it.  
**Did** he **lose** his key? Yes, he **did**.  
He **lost** his key (*past simple*)  
but now he **has found** it. (*present perfect*)

The present perfect (something **has happened**) is a *present* tense. It always tells us about the situation *now*. 'Tom **has lost** his key' = he doesn't have his key *now* (see Unit 7).

The past simple (something **happened**) tells us only about the *past*. If somebody says 'Tom **lost** his key', this doesn't tell us whether he has the key now or not. It tells us only that he lost his key at some time in the past.

Do *not* use the present perfect if the situation now is different. Compare:

- They've **gone** away. They'll be back on Friday. (they are away *now*)  
They **went** away, but I think they're back at home now. (*not* They've gone)
- It **has stopped** raining now, so we don't need the umbrella. (it isn't raining *now*)  
It **stopped** raining for a while, but now it's raining again. (*not* It has stopped)

B

You can use the present perfect for new or recent happenings:

- 'I've **repaired** the washing machine. It's working OK now.' 'Oh, that's good.'
- 'Sally **has had** a baby! It's a boy.' 'That's great news.'

Usually, you can also use the past simple:

- I **repaired** the washing machine. It's working OK now.

Use the past simple (*not* the present perfect) for things that are not recent or new:

- Mozart **was** a composer. He **wrote** more than 600 pieces of music.  
(*not* has been ... has written)
- My mother **grew** up in Italy. (*not* has grown)

Compare:

- Did you know that somebody **has invented** a new type of washing machine?
- Who **invented** the telephone? (*not* has invented)






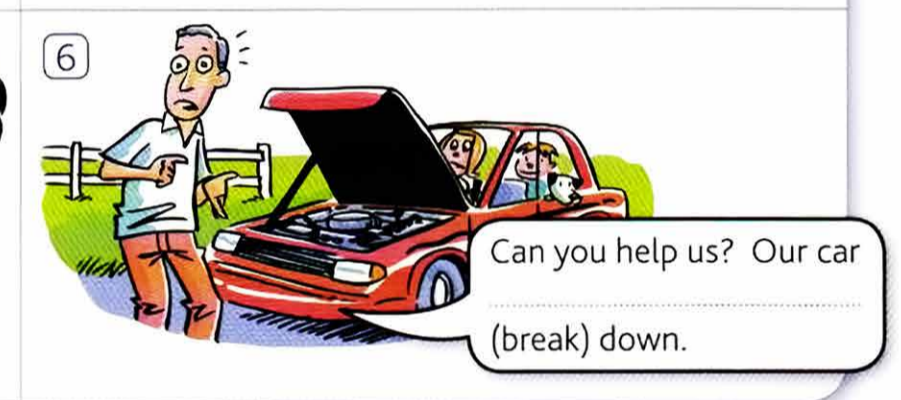
C

We use the present perfect to give new information (see Unit 7). But if we continue to talk about it, we normally use the past simple:

- A: Ow! I've **burnt** myself.  
B: How **did** you **do** that? (*not* have you done)  
A: I **picked** up a hot dish. (*not* have picked)
- A: Look! Somebody **has spilt** something on the sofa.  
B: Well, it **wasn't** me. I **didn't do** it. (*not* hasn't been ... haven't done)

# Exercises

**13.1** Complete the sentences using the verbs in brackets. Use the present perfect where possible. Otherwise use the past simple.

<p>1</p>  <p>I can't get in. I've lost (lose) my key.</p>	<p>2</p>  <p>The office is empty now. Everybody (go) home.</p>
<p>3</p>  <p>I meant to call you last night, but I (forget).</p>	<p>4</p>  <p>HELEN</p> <p>Helen (go) to Egypt for a holiday, but she's back home in England now.</p>
<p>5</p>  <p>Are you OK?</p> <p>Yes, I (have) a headache, but I'm fine now.</p>	<p>6</p>  <p>Can you help us? Our car (break) down.</p>

**13.2** Are the underlined parts of these sentences right or wrong? Correct them where necessary.

- Did you hear about Sue? She's given up her job. OK
- My mother has grown up in Italy. grew
- How many poems has William Shakespeare written? .....
- Ow! I've cut my finger. It's bleeding. .....
- Drugs have become a big problem everywhere. .....
- Who has invented paper? .....
- Where have you been born? .....
- Ellie isn't at home. She's gone shopping. .....
- Albert Einstein has been the scientist who has developed the theory of relativity. .....

**13.3** Put the verb into the correct form, present perfect or past simple.

- It stopped raining for a while, but now it's raining again. (it / stop)
- The town where I live is very different now. It has changed a lot. (it / change)
- I studied German at school, but ..... most of it now. (I / forget)
- The police ..... three people, but later they let them go. (arrest)
- What do you think of my English? Do you think .....? (it / improve)
- a: Are you still reading the paper?  
b: No, ..... with it. You can have it. (I / finish)
- ..... for a job as a tourist guide, but I wasn't successful. (I / apply)
- Where's my bike? ..... outside the house, but it's not there now. (it / be)
- Quick! We need to call an ambulance. .... an accident. (there / be)
- a: Have you heard about Ben? ..... his arm. (he / break)  
b: Really? How .....? (that / happen)  
a: ..... off a ladder. (he / fall)

# Present perfect and past 2 (I have done and I did)

A

Do not use the present perfect (**I have done**) when you talk about a *finished* time (for example, **yesterday / ten minutes ago / in 2005 / when I was a child**). Use a past tense:

- It **was** very cold **yesterday**. (*not has been*)
- Paul and Lucy **arrived ten minutes ago**. (*not have arrived*)
- Did you eat** a lot of sweets **when you were a child**? (*not have you eaten*)
- I **got** home late **last night**. I **was** very tired and **went** straight to bed.

Use the past to ask **When ... ?** or **What time ... ?**:

- When did** your friends **arrive**? (*not have ... arrived*)
- What time did** you **finish** work?

Compare:

*Present perfect*

- Tom **has lost** his key. He can't get into the house.
- Is Carla here or **has she left**?

*Past simple*

- Tom **lost** his key **yesterday**. He couldn't get into the house.
- When did** Carla **leave**?

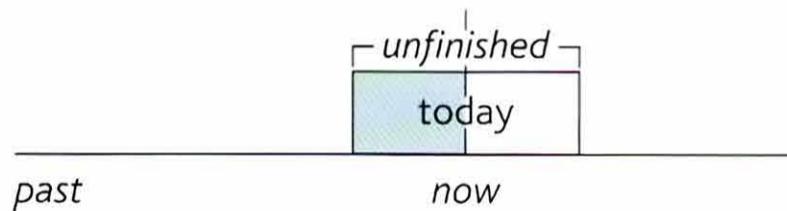
B

Compare:

*Present perfect (have done)*

- I've **done** a lot of work **today**.

We use the present perfect for a period of time that continues *until now*. For example: **today / this week / since 2007**.

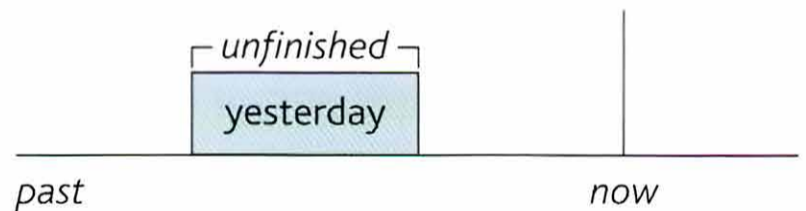


- It **hasn't** rained **this week**.
- Have you seen** Anna **this morning**? (it is still morning)
- Have you seen** Tim **recently**?
- I don't know where Lisa is. I **haven't seen** her. (= I haven't seen her recently)
- We've **been waiting** for an hour. (we are still waiting now)
- Jack lives in Los Angeles. He **has lived** there for seven years.
- I **have never played** golf. (in my life)
- It's the last day of your holiday. You say: It's **been** a really good holiday. I've really **enjoyed** it.*

*Past simple (did)*

- I **did** a lot of work **yesterday**.

We use the past simple for a *finished* time in the past. For example: **yesterday / last week / from 2007 to 2010**.



- It **didn't** rain **last week**.
- Did you see** Anna **this morning**? (it is now afternoon or evening)
- Did you see** Tim **on Sunday**?
- A: **Was** Lisa at the party **on Sunday**?  
B: I don't think so. I **didn't** see her.
- We **waited** (*or were waiting*) for an hour. (we are no longer waiting)
- Jack **lived** in New York for ten years. Now he lives in Los Angeles.
- I **didn't play** golf **last summer**.
- After you come back from holiday you say: It **was** a really good holiday. I really **enjoyed** it.*

# Exercises

**14.1** Are the underlined parts of these sentences right or wrong? Correct them where necessary.

- 1 I've lost my key. I can't find it anywhere. OK
- 2 Have you eaten a lot of sweets when you were a child? Did you eat
- 3 I've bought a new car. You must come and see it. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 I've bought a new car last week. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Where have you been yesterday evening? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 Lucy has left school in 1999. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 I'm looking for Mike. Have you seen him? \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 'Have you been to Paris?' 'Yes, many times.' \_\_\_\_\_
- 9 I'm very hungry. I haven't eaten much today. \_\_\_\_\_
- 10 When has this book been published? \_\_\_\_\_

**14.2** Make sentences from the words in brackets. Use the present perfect or past simple.

- 1 (it / not / rain / this week) It hasn't rained this week.
- 2 (the weather / be / cold / recently) The weather \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 (it / cold / last week) It \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 (I / not / read / a newspaper yesterday) I \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 (I / not / read / a newspaper today) \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 (Emily / earn / a lot of money / this year) \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 (she / not / earn / so much / last year) \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 (you / have / a holiday recently?) \_\_\_\_\_

**14.3** Put the verb into the correct form, present perfect or past simple.

- 1 'What's Madrid like?' 'I don't know. I haven't been (I / not / be) there.'
- 2 When \_\_\_\_\_ (I / get) home last night, \_\_\_\_\_ (I / be) very tired and \_\_\_\_\_ (I / go) straight to bed.
- 3 A: \_\_\_\_\_ (you / see) Lisa recently?  
B: Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ (I / saw) her a few days ago.
- 4 I'm tired. \_\_\_\_\_ (I / not / sleep) well last night.
- 5 The bus drivers were on strike last week. \_\_\_\_\_ (there / be) no buses.
- 6 Mr Lee \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in a bank for 15 years. Then \_\_\_\_\_ (he / give) it up. Now he works as a gardener.
- 7 Mary lives in Dublin. \_\_\_\_\_ (she / live) there all her life.
- 8 A: \_\_\_\_\_ (you / go) to the cinema last night?  
B: Yes, but \_\_\_\_\_ (it / be) a mistake. The film \_\_\_\_\_ (be) awful.
- 9 My grandfather \_\_\_\_\_ (die) before I was born. \_\_\_\_\_ (I / never / meet) him.
- 10 I don't know Karen's husband. \_\_\_\_\_ (I / never / meet) him.
- 11 It's nearly lunchtime, and \_\_\_\_\_ (I / not / see) Martin all morning. I wonder where he is.
- 12 'Where do you live?' 'In Boston.'  
'How long \_\_\_\_\_ (you / live) there?' 'Five years.'  
'Where \_\_\_\_\_ (you / live) before that?' 'In Chicago.'  
'And how long \_\_\_\_\_ (you / live) in Chicago?' 'Two years.'

**14.4** Write sentences about yourself using the ideas in brackets.

- 1 (something you haven't done today) I haven't eaten any fruit today
- 2 (something you haven't done today) \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 (something you didn't do yesterday) \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 (something you did yesterday evening) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 (something you haven't done recently) \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 (something you've done a lot recently) \_\_\_\_\_



## 5.2

- 2 taught
- 3 sold
- 4 fell ... hurt
- 5 threw ... caught
- 6 spent ... bought ... cost

## 5.3

- 2 did you travel / did you go
- 3 did it take (you)
- 4 did you stay
- 5 Was the weather
- 6 Did you go to / Did you see / Did you visit

## 5.4

- |                  |               |
|------------------|---------------|
| 3 didn't disturb | 7 didn't cost |
| 4 left           | 8 didn't have |
| 5 didn't sleep   | 9 were        |
| 6 flew           |               |

## UNIT 6

## 6.1

*Example answers:*

- 3 I was working.
- 4 I was in bed asleep.
- 5 I was getting ready to go out.
- 6 I was watching TV at home.

## 6.2

*Example answers:*

- 2 was having a shower
- 3 were driving home
- 4 was reading the paper
- 5 was watching it

## 6.3

- 1 didn't see ... was looking
- 2 met ... were going ... was going ... had ... were waiting / waited
- 3 was cycling ... stepped ... was going ... managed ... didn't hit

## 6.4

- 2 were you doing
- 3 Did you go
- 4 were you driving ... happened
- 5 took ... wasn't looking
- 6 didn't know
- 7 saw ... was trying
- 8 was walking ... heard ... was following ... started
- 9 wanted
- 10 dropped ... was doing ... didn't break

## UNIT 7

## 7.1

- 2 Lisa has broken her leg.
- 3 The bus fare has gone up.
- 4 Her English has improved.
- 5 Dan has grown a beard.
- 6 The letter has arrived.
- 7 The temperature has fallen.

## 7.2

- 2 been
- 3 gone
- 4 gone
- 5 been

## 7.3

- 2 Yes, I've just seen her. / Yes, I have just seen her. *or* Yes, I just saw her.
- 3 He's already left. / He has already left. *or* He already left.
- 4 I haven't read it yet. *or* I didn't read it yet.
- 5 No, she's already seen the film. / No, she has already seen ... *or* No, she already saw ...
- 6 Yes, they've just arrived. / Yes, they have just arrived. *or* Yes, they just arrived.
- 7 We haven't told him yet. *or* We didn't tell him yet.

## 7.4

- 2 he's just gone out / he has just gone out *or* he just went out
- 3 I haven't finished yet *or* I didn't finish yet
- 4 I've already done it / I have already done it *or* I already did it
- 5 Have you found a place to live yet? *or* Did you find a place ... ?
- 6 I haven't decided yet *or* I didn't decide yet
- 7 she's just come back / she has just come back *or* she just came back

## UNIT 8

## 8.1

- 2 Have you ever been to California?
- 3 Have you ever run (in) a marathon?
- 4 Have you ever spoken to a famous person?
- 5 What's the most beautiful place you've ever visited? / ... you have ever visited?

## 8.2

- 3 haven't eaten
- 4 I haven't played (it)
- 5 I've had / I have had
- 6 I haven't read
- 7 I've never been / I haven't been
- 8 it's happened / it has happened *or* that's happened / that has happened
- 9 I've never tried / I haven't tried *or* I've never eaten / I haven't eaten
- 10 's been / has been
- 11 I've never seen / I haven't seen

## 8.3

*Example answers:*

- 2 I haven't travelled by bus this week.
- 3 I haven't been to the cinema recently.
- 4 I haven't read a book for ages.
- 5 I haven't lost anything today.

## 8.4

- 2 Have you played tennis before? No, this is the first time I've played tennis.
- 3 Have you ridden a horse before? / Have you been on a horse before? No, this is the first time I've ridden a horse. / ... I've been on a horse.
- 4 Have you been to Japan before? No, this is the first time I've been to Japan.

## UNIT 9

## 9.1

- 2 She's been watching television. / She has been watching television.
- 3 They've been playing tennis. / They have been playing tennis.
- 4 He 's been running. / He has been running.

## 9.2

- 2 Have you been waiting long?
- 3 What have you been doing?
- 4 How long have you been working there?
- 5 How long have you been selling mobile phones?

## 9.3

- 2 've been waiting / have been waiting
- 3 've been learning Spanish / have been learning Spanish
- 4 She's been working there / She has been working there
- 5 They've been going there / They have been going there

## 9.4

- 2 I've been looking / I have been looking
- 3 are you looking
- 4 She's been teaching / She has been teaching
- 5 I've been thinking / I have been thinking
- 6 he's working / he is working
- 7 She's been working / She has been working

# Key to Exercises

## UNIT 10

### 10.1

- 2 She's been travelling / She has been travelling  
She's visited / She has visited
- 3 He's won / He has won ...  
He's / He has been playing tennis
- 4 They've / They have been making (films ...)  
They've / They have made (five films ...)

### 10.2

- 2 Have you been waiting long?
- 3 Have you caught any fish?
- 4 How many people have you invited?
- 5 How long have you been teaching?
- 6 How many books have you written?  
How long have you been writing books?
- 7 How long have you been saving?  
How much money have you saved?

### 10.3

- 2 Somebody's broken /  
Somebody has broken
- 3 Have you been working
- 4 Have you ever worked
- 5 has she gone
- 6 He's appeared / He has appeared
- 7 I haven't been waiting
- 8 it's stopped / it has stopped
- 9 I've lost / I have lost ... Have you seen
- 10 I've been reading / I have been reading ... I haven't finished
- 11 I've read / I have read
- 12 I've had / I have had

## UNIT 11

### 11.1

- 3 have been married
- 4 OK
- 5 It's been raining / It has been raining
- 6 have you been living *or*  
have you lived
- 7 has been working
- 8 OK
- 9 I haven't drunk
- 10 have you had

### 11.2

- 2 How long have you been teaching English? *or*  
How long have you taught ...
- 3 How long have you known Katherine?
- 4 How long has your brother been in Australia?
- 5 How long have you had that jacket?

- 6 How long has Joe been working at the airport? *or*  
How long has Joe worked ...
- 7 How long have you been having guitar lessons?
- 8 Have you always lived in Chicago?

### 11.3

- 3 's been / has been
- 4 've been waiting / have been waiting
- 5 've known / have known
- 6 haven't played
- 7 's been watching / has been watching
- 8 haven't watched
- 9 've had / have had
- 10 hasn't been
- 11 've been feeling / have been feeling *or* 've felt / have felt
- 12 's lived / has lived *or*  
's been living / has been living
- 13 haven't been
- 14 've always wanted / have always wanted

## UNIT 12

### 12.1

- 2 since
- 3 for
- 4 for
- 5 since
- 6 for
- 7 since
- 8 since
- 9 for

### 12.2

- 2 How long has Kate been learning Japanese?  
When did Kate start learning Japanese?
- 3 How long have you known Simon?  
When did you first meet Simon? /  
When did you and Simon first meet?
- 4 How long have Rebecca and David been married?  
When did Rebecca and David get married? /  
When did Rebecca and David marry?

### 12.3

- 3 He has been ill since Sunday.
- 4 He has been ill for a few days.
- 5 She got married a year ago.
- 6 I've had a headache since I woke up.
- 7 She went to Italy three weeks ago.
- 8 I've been working in a hotel for six months. *or* I've worked in a hotel for six months.

### 12.4

- 2 No, I haven't seen Laura/her for about a month.
- 3 No, I haven't been to the cinema for a long time.
- 4 No, I haven't eaten in a restaurant for ages. / No, I haven't been to a restaurant for ages.
- 6 No, it's about a month since I (last) saw Laura/her. / No, it's been about a month since ...
- 7 No, it's a long time since I (last) went to the cinema. / No, it's been a long time since ...
- 8 No, it's ages since I (last) ate in a restaurant. / No, it's been ages since ... *or*  
... since I went to a restaurant.

## UNIT 13

### 13.1

- 2 has gone
- 3 forgot
- 4 went
- 5 had
- 6 has broken

### 13.2

- 3 did William Shakespeare write
- 4 OK
- 5 OK
- 6 Who invented
- 7 were you born
- 8 OK
- 9 Albert Einstein was ... who developed

### 13.3

- 3 I've forgotten / I have forgotten
- 4 arrested
- 5 it's improved / it has improved
- 6 I've finished / I have finished  
(I'm finished *is also correct*)
- 7 I applied
- 8 It was
- 9 There's been / There has been
- 10 He broke *or* He's broken / He has broken ... did that happen ... he fell

## UNIT 14

### 14.1

- 3 OK
- 4 I bought
- 5 Where were you
- 6 Lucy left school
- 7 OK
- 8 OK
- 9 OK
- 10 When was this book published?

## 14.2

- 2 The weather has been cold recently.
- 3 It was cold last week.
- 4 I didn't read a newspaper yesterday.
- 5 I haven't read a newspaper today.
- 6 Emily has earned a lot of money this year.
- 7 She didn't earn so much last year.
- 8 Have you had a holiday recently?

## 14.3

- 2 I got ... I was ... I went
- 3 Have you seen ... I saw
- 4 I didn't sleep
- 5 There were
- 6 worked ... he gave
- 7 She's lived / She has lived
- 8 Did you go ... it was ... was
- 9 died ... I never met
- 10 I've never met / I have never met
- 11 I haven't seen
- 12 have you lived or have you been living ... did you live ... did you live

## 14.4

*Example answers:*

- 2 I haven't bought anything today.
- 3 I didn't watch TV yesterday.
- 4 I went out with some friends yesterday evening.
- 5 I haven't been to the cinema recently.
- 6 I've read a lot of books recently.

## UNIT 15

## 15.1

- 2 It had changed a lot.
- 3 She'd arranged to do something else. / She had arranged ...
- 4 The film had already started.
- 5 I hadn't seen him for five years.
- 6 She'd just had breakfast. / She had just had ...

## 15.2

- 2 I'd never heard it before. / I had never heard ...
- 3 He'd never played (tennis) before. / He had never played ...
- 4 We'd never been there before. / We had never been ...

## 15.3

- 1 we called
- 2 there was ...  
She'd gone / She had gone
- 3 He'd just come back from /  
He had just come back from ...  
He looked
- 4 got a phone call  
He was  
He'd sent her / He had sent her ...  
she'd never replied to them /  
she had never replied to them

## 15.4

- 2 went
- 3 had gone
- 4 broke
- 5 saw ... had broken ... stopped

## UNIT 16

## 16.1

- 2 They'd been playing football. /  
They had been playing ...
- 3 I'd been looking forward to it. /  
I had been looking forward ...
- 4 She'd been dreaming. /  
She had been dreaming.
- 5 He'd been watching a film. /  
He had been watching ...

## 16.2

- 2 I'd been waiting for 20 minutes when I realised that I was in the wrong restaurant. or ... that I had come to the wrong restaurant.
- 3 At the time the factory closed down, Sarah had been working there for five years.
- 4 The orchestra had been playing for about ten minutes when a man in the audience started shouting.
- 5 *Example answer:*  
I'd been walking along the road for about ten minutes when a car suddenly stopped just behind me.

## 16.3

- 3 he was walking
- 4 She'd been running / She had been running
- 5 They were eating
- 6 They'd been eating / They had been eating
- 7 He was looking
- 8 was waiting ... she'd been waiting / she had been waiting
- 9 I'd had / I had had
- 10 We'd been travelling / We had been travelling

## UNIT 17

## 17.1

- 3 I don't have a ladder. /  
I haven't got a ladder.
- 4 We didn't have enough time.
- 5 He didn't have a map.
- 6 She doesn't have any money. /  
She hasn't got any money.
- 7 I don't have enough energy. /  
I haven't got enough energy.
- 8 They didn't have a camera.

## 17.2

- 2 B
- 3 A or C
- 4 A or C
- 5 A
- 6 C

## 17.3

- 3 he didn't have
- 4 I have or I've got
- 5 OK
- 6 I didn't have
- 7 OK (or He hasn't got)
- 8 Did you have
- 9 OK

## 17.4

- 2 has a break
- 3 had a party
- 4 have a look
- 5 's having / is having a nice time
- 6 had a chat
- 7 Did you have trouble
- 8 had a baby
- 9 was having a shower
- 10 Did you have a good flight?

## UNIT 18

## 18.1

- 2 used to have/ride
- 3 used to live
- 4 used to eat/like/love
- 5 used to be
- 6 used to take
- 7 used to be
- 8 did you use to go

## 18.2

2-10

- She used to have lots of friends, but she doesn't know many people these days.
- She used to be very lazy, but she works very hard these days.
- She didn't use to like cheese, but she eats lots of cheese now.
- She used to be a hotel receptionist, but she works in a bookshop now.
- She used to play the piano, but she hasn't played the piano for years. / ... played it for years.
- She never used to read / She didn't use to read newspapers, but she reads a newspaper every day now.
- She didn't use to drink tea, but she likes it now.
- She used to have a dog, but it died two years ago.
- She used to go to a lot of parties, but she hasn't been to a party for ages.